CALIFORNIA

Specific requirement to report sexual assault? Yes.

Requirement to report non-accidental or intentional injuries? Yes.

Requirement to report injuries caused by criminal conduct? Yes.

Additional statutes that may impact competent adult victims of sexual assault? There is a requirement to report wounds inflicted by firearms.

STATUTES THAT MANDATE RAPE REPORTING

Cal Pen Code § 11160. Injuries required to be reported; Method of reporting; Team reports; Internal procedures

- (a) Any health practitioner employed in a health facility, clinic, physician's office, local or state public health department, or a clinic or other type of facility operated by a local or state public health department who, in his or her professional capacity or within the scope of his or her employment, provides medical services for a physical condition to a patient whom he or she knows or reasonably suspects is a person described as follows, shall immediately make a report in accordance with subdivision (b):
- (1) Any person suffering from any wound or other physical injury inflicted by his or her own act or inflicted by another where the injury is by means of a firearm.
- (2) Any person suffering from any wound or other physical injury inflicted upon the person where the injury is the result of assaultive or abusive conduct.
- (b) Any health practitioner employed in a health facility, clinic, physician's office, local or state public health department, or a clinic or other type of facility operated by a local or state public health department shall make a report regarding persons described in subdivision (a) to a local law enforcement agency as follows:
 - (1) A report by telephone shall be made immediately or as soon as practically possible.
- (2) A written report shall be prepared on the standard form developed in compliance with paragraph (4) of this subdivision, and Section 11160.2, and adopted by the agency or agencies designated by the Director of Finance pursuant to Section 13820, or on a form developed and adopted by another state agency that otherwise fulfills the requirements of the standard form. The completed form shall be sent to a local law enforcement agency within two working days of receiving the information regarding the person.

For more information, please contact Teresa Scalzo, Senior Policy Advisor, Department of Defense Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office, teresa.scalzo@wso.whs.mil or 703-696-8977.

- (3) A local law enforcement agency shall be notified and a written report shall be prepared and sent pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) even if the person who suffered the wound, other injury, or assaultive or abusive conduct has expired, regardless of whether or not the wound, other injury, or assaultive or abusive conduct was a factor contributing to the death, and even if the evidence of the conduct of the perpetrator of the wound, other injury, or assaultive or abusive conduct was discovered during an autopsy.
 - (4) The report shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
 - (A) The name of the injured person, if known.
 - (B) The injured person's whereabouts.
 - (C) The character and extent of the person's injuries.
- (D) The identity of any person the injured person alleges inflicted the wound, other injury, or assaultive or abusive conduct upon the injured person.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "injury" shall not include any psychological or physical condition brought about solely through the voluntary administration of a narcotic or restricted dangerous drug.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, "assaultive or abusive conduct" shall include any of the following offenses:
 - (1) Murder, in violation of Section 187.
 - (2) Manslaughter, in violation of Section 192 or 192.5.
 - (3) Mayhem, in violation of Section 203.
 - (4) Aggravated mayhem, in violation of Section 205.
 - (5) Torture, in violation of Section 206.
- (6) Assault with intent to commit mayhem, rape, sodomy, or oral copulation, in violation of Section 220.
- (7) Administering controlled substances or anesthetic to aid in commission of a felony, in violation of Section 222.

- (8) Battery, in violation of Section 242.
- (9) Sexual battery, in violation of Section 243.4.
- (10) Incest, in violation of Section 285.
- (11) Throwing any vitriol, corrosive acid, or caustic chemical with intent to injure or disfigure, in violation of Section 244.
 - (12) Assault with a stun gun or taser, in violation of Section 244.5.
- (13) Assault with a deadly weapon, firearm, assault weapon, or machinegun, or by means likely to produce great bodily injury, in violation of Section 245.
 - (14) Rape, in violation of Section 261.
 - (15) Spousal rape, in violation of Section 262.
- (16) Procuring any female to have sex with another man, in violation of Section 266, 266a, 266b, or 266c.
 - (17) Child abuse or endangerment, in violation of Section 273a or 273d.
 - (18) Abuse of spouse or cohabitant, in violation of Section 273.5.
 - (19) Sodomy, in violation of Section 286.
 - (20) Lewd and lascivious acts with a child, in violation of Section 288.
 - (21) Oral copulation, in violation of Section 288a.
 - (22) Sexual penetration, in violation of Section 289.
 - (23) Elder abuse, in violation of Section 368.
 - (24) An attempt to commit any crime specified in paragraphs (1) to (23), inclusive.
- (e) When two or more persons who are required to report are present and jointly have knowledge of a known or suspected instance of violence that is required to be reported pursuant to this section, and when there is an agreement among these persons to report as a team, the team may select by mutual agreement a member of the team to make a report by telephone and a single written report, as required by subdivision (b). The written report shall be signed by the selected member of the

reporting team. Any member who has knowledge that the member designated to report has failed to do so shall thereafter make the report.

- (f) The reporting duties under this section are individual, except as provided in subdivision (e).
- (g) No supervisor or administrator shall impede or inhibit the reporting duties required under this section and no person making a report pursuant to this section shall be subject to any sanction for making the report. However, internal procedures to facilitate reporting and apprise supervisors and administrators of reports may be established, except that these procedures shall not be inconsistent with this article. The internal procedures shall not require any employee required to make a report under this article to disclose his or her identity to the employer.
- (h) For the purposes of this section, it is the Legislature's intent to avoid duplication of information.

STATUTES ADDRESSING PAYMENT FOR EXAMINATIONS

Penal Code §13823.95:

No costs incurred by a qualified health care professional, hospital, or other emergency medical facility for the examination of the victim of a sexual assault, as described in the protocol developed pursuant to Section 13823.5, when the examination is performed, pursuant to Sections 13823.5 and 13823.7, for the purposes of gathering evidence for possible prosecution, shall be charged directly or indirectly to the victim of the assault. Those costs shall be treated as local costs and charged to the local governmental agency in whose jurisdiction the alleged offense was committed.

Bills for these costs shall be submitted to the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the alleged offense was committed which requests the examination.

The law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the alleged offense was committed which requests the examination has the option of determining whether or not the examination will be performed in the office of a physician and surgeon.

Penal Code §13823.11:

The minimum standards for the examination and treatment of victims of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault, including child molestation and the collection and preservation of evidence therefrom include all of the following:

(a) Law enforcement authorities shall be notified.

- (b) In conducting the physical examination, the outline indicated in the form adopted pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 13823.5 shall be followed.
- (c) Consent for a physical examination, treatment, and collection of evidence shall be obtained.
- (1) Consent to an examination for evidence of sexual assault shall be obtained prior to the examination of a victim of sexual assault and shall include separate written documentation of consent to each of the following:
- (A) Examination for the presence of injuries sustained as a result of the assault.
- (B) Examination for evidence of sexual assault and collection of physical evidence.
- (C) Photographs of injuries.
- (2) Consent to treatment shall be obtained in accordance with usual hospital policy.
- (3) A victim of sexual assault shall be informed that he or she may refuse to consent to an examination for evidence of sexual assault, including the collection of physical evidence, but that a refusal is not a ground for denial of treatment of injuries and for possible pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases, if the person wishes to obtain treatment and consents thereto.

Govt. Code § 13956

Notwithstanding Section 13955, a person shall not be eligible for compensation under the following conditions:

- (b)(1) An application shall be denied if the board finds that the victim or, where compensation is sought by, or on behalf of, a derivative victim, either the victim or derivative victim failed to cooperate reasonably with a law enforcement agency in the apprehension and conviction of a criminal committing the crime. However, in determining whether cooperation has been reasonable, the board shall consider the victim's or derivative victim's age, physical condition, and psychological state, cultural or linguistic barriers, any compelling health and safety concerns, including, but not limited to, a reasonable fear of retaliation or harm that would jeopardize the well-being of the victim or the victim's family or the derivative victim or the derivative victim's family, and giving due consideration to the degree of cooperation of which the victim or derivative victim is capable in light of the presence of any of these factors.
- (2) An application for a claim based on domestic violence may not be denied solely because no police report was made by the victim. The board shall adopt guidelines that allow the board to consider and approve applications for assistance based on domestic violence relying upon evidence other than a police report to establish that a domestic violence crime has occurred. Factors evidencing that a domestic violence crime has occurred may include, but are not limited to, medical records documenting injuries consistent with allegations of domestic violence, mental health records, or the fact